

ABOUT INDIA



India is undoubtedly the most diverse nation in the world. Renowned for its rich cultural attractions and natural beauty, this land of one billion people with a variety in languages, cultures, ethnic groups, beliefs and lifestyles makes her stand apart from the rest. It is a land of credible paradoxes and yet underlying the contrasts, there are patterns of continuity, an indefinable essence that is quintessentially Indian. Much of India's fascination perhaps lies in the fact that it is both a young nation and an ancient country rolled into one where past and present co-exist in a beautiful mosaic.

For a first time visitor, India can be overwhelming at first, but she gradually unfolds her rare delights. You may find it in the centuries old temples, tombs and forts, in the exquisite crafts still made in traditional ways, in the riot of colours and aromas of its bazaars or in the sudden glimpses of its serene beauty that filters through the hustle and bustle of daily life.

WHY INDIA?

- The changing economic scenario however, with India and China as the two leading global economies, has highlighted India for the commercial and business potential it offers.
- The personnel managing these are competent and trained to deliver. End-to-end solutions and service providers are there to support activities like registrations, payments.
- The technology available in India for conferences is at par with the best available globally. As the Indian telecommunications industry is the fifth largest in the world, convention and conference organizers can offer the best available technology in terms of communications. Video conferencing, live streaming and webcasting, RFID, Barcoding, Infra-red SI, interactive post-event video uploads are available.
- Where else in the world can you go on the back of an elephant up the ramparts of an ancient fort? Where else in the world will you be welcomed by a breathtakingly stunning royal procession with richly caparisoned elephants, camels and lancers on horseback lining the way?
- Or have one of the Seven Wonders of the World as a backdrop to a Mughal theme evening?
- Where else in the world can you get the special royal welcomes, gala theme evenings, camel safaris in the desert, luxurious accommodations, entertaining cultural shows, dining with royalty and a lot more....

ABOUT DELHI



India's capital and a major gateway to the country, contemporary Delhi is a bustling metropolis, which successfully combines in its folds - the ancient with the modern. One of the most historic capitals in the world, Delhi is a treasure trove that reveals the ultimate combination of tradition and trends. A tour of Delhi will provide the visitor with much to see and admire from Mughal monuments to modern malls, from traditional arts and crafts to trendy fashion shows, from skyscrapers to parks and gardens.

Delhi consists of Old Delhi, the capital of the Mughals centred at the Red Fort; and New Delhi, known for its British imperial buildings and wide avenues. Delhi is in fact really two distinct cities - the energy and colour and the thronged bazaars and Mughal architecture of Old Delhi, contrast with the formal splendour of New Delhi, whose wide boulevards offer ever-changing perspectives of Lutyen's landscaped city. The division between New and Old Delhi is the distinction between the capitals of the British and the Mughals respectively. The walled Old city retains its past traditions and one can get a glimpse of a past life with its many facets, colours and spells. New Delhi, in contrast, is a city trying to live up to the best of twenty-first century standards. The charm of New Delhi lies in the variety and vibrancy in its pace of life. Amidst the tall and modern skyscrapers the remnants of a bygone time in the form of its many monuments stand as silent reminders to the region's ancient legacy.

CLIMATE

Delhi features a typical version of the humid subtropical climate.

Summers are long and extremely hot, from early April to mid-October, with the monsoon season in between. Mild winter starts in late November and peaks in January and is notorious for its heavy fog.

The best season to visit Delhi is During the spring seasons of February to April and August to November. The bloom season of February and March make Delhi colorful. This time of the year brings greenery on the face of Delhi

DELHI AIRPORT

The New Delhi airport i.e. Indira Gandhi International Airport was completed in year 2010. The new airport is of world class standard and has been awarded on of the best airports in the world.

Salient Features of the airport are:

- Integrated International & Domestic Terminal
- 34 million passengers per annum capacity
- Capacity to handle 12800 baggage's per hour.
- 95 Immigration counters for smooth and hassle free passenger movement

INTERNATIONAL & NATIONAL CONNECTIVITY

- The New Delhi International Airport (Terminal 3) has direct flight connectivity to all the major airports of Asia, Europe, North America, Africa and Australia
- There are daily multiple flight options to / from the major airport hubs of the world namely New York, London, Munich, Singapore, Dubai etc.
- All major airlines of the world operate flights to India / Delhi
- The integrated domestic airport offers direct flight connectivity to all the major cities of India with multiple direct and daily flights.
- There is also a separate domestic airport (Terminal 1D) in the vicinity of the international airport which operates all the budget airlines to all the major and smaller cities of India
- The airport facilities in India have improved drastically in the recent years and are currently in comparison to global standards.

Flight connectivity chart to the important International cities

Airline	Destination	Terminal
Aeroflot	Moscow-Sheremetyevo	3
Air Arabia	Sharjah	3
Air Astana	Almaty	3
Air China	Beijing-Capital	3
Air France	Paris-Charles de Gaulle	3
Air Mauritius	Mauritius	3
All Nippon Airways	Tokyo-Narita	3
Ariana Afghan Airlines	Kabul, Kandahar	3
Asiana Airlines	Seoul-Incheon	3
Austrian Airlines	Vienna	3
operated by Tyrolean Airways		
Biman Bangladesh Airlines	Dhaka	3
British Airways	London-Heathrow	3
Cathay Pacific	Bangkok-Suvarnabhumi, Hong Kong	3
China Airlines	Rome-Fiumicino, Taipei-Taoyuan	3
China Eastern Airlines	Shanghai-Pudong	3
China Southern Airlines	Guangzhou	3
Druk Air	Paro	3
Emirates	Dubai	3
Ethiopian Airlines	Addis Ababa, Hangzhou	3
Etihad Airways	Abu Dhabi	3
Finnair	Helsinki	3
Gulf Air	Bahrain	3
IndiGo	Bangkok-Suvarnabhumi, Dubai, Kathmandu	3
Iraqi Airways	Baghdad, Basrah	3
Japan Airlines	Tokyo-Narita	3
Kam Air	Kabul	3
Kenya Airways	Nairobi	3
KLM	Amsterdam	3
Kuwait Airways	Kuwait	3
Kyrgyzstan Air Company	Bishkek	3
Lufthansa	Frankfurt, Munich	3
Mahan Air	Tehran-Imam Khomeini	3
Malaysia Airlines	Kuala Lumpur	3
Malindo Air	Kuala Lumpur (begins December 30, 2013)	3
Mihin Lanka	Colombo	3
Oman Air	Muscat	3
Pakistan International	Karachi, Lahore	3

Airlines		
Qatar Airways	Doha	3
Royal Jordanian	Amman-Queen Alia	3
Safi Airways	Kabul	3
Saudia	Dammam, Riyadh	3
Singapore Airlines	Singapore	3
SpiceJet	Dubai, Guangzhou, Kabul, Kathmandu, Riyadh	3
SriLankan Airlines	Colombo	3
Swiss International Airlines	Zürich	3
Tajik Air	Dushanbe	3
operated by East Air		
Thai Airways International	Bangkok-Suvarnabhumi	3
Thai Smile	Phuket	3
Turkish Airlines	Istanbul-Atatürk	3
Turkmenistan Airlines	Ashgabat	3
United Airlines	Newark	3
Uzbekistan Airways	Tashkent	3
Virgin Atlantic Airways	London-Heathrow	3

Flight connectivity chart to the important National cities

Airline	Destination	Terminal
Air India	AbuDhabi, Agra, Ahmedabad, Amritsar, Aurangabad, Bagdogra, Bahrain, Birmingham, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneswar, Chandigarh, Chennai, Coimbatore, Dammam, Dhaka, Dubai, Frankfurt, Gaya, Goa, Guwahati, HongKong, Hyderabad, Imphal, Indore, Jaipur, Jammu, Jeddah, Jodhpur, Kabul, Kathmandu, Khajuraho, Kochi, Kolkata, Kozhikode, Leh, LondonHeathrow, Lucknow, Mumbai, Muscat, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Raipur, Ranchi, ShanghaiPudong, Srinagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Tirupati, TokyoNarita, Udaipur, Varanasi, Vijayawada, Visakhapatnam	3
Air India Regional	Allahabad, Aurangabad, Bhubaneswar, Chennai, Jabalpur, Kanpur, Kolkata, Kullu, Ludhiana, Pathankot, Port Blair, Surat, Vadodara	3
GoAir	Ahmedabad, Bagdogra, Bangalore, Chandigarh, Goa, Guwahati, Jammu, Kochi, Kolkata, Leh, Lucknow, Mumbai, Nagpur, Nanded, Patna, Port Blair, Pune, Ranchi, Srinagar	1D
Gulf Air	Bahrain	3
IndiGo	Agartala, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhubaneswar, Chennai, Coimbatore, Dibrugarh, Goa, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Imphal, Indore, Jammu, Kochi, Kolkata, Lucknow, Mumbai, Muscat, Nagpur, Patna, Raipur, Srinagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Vadodara, Visakhapatnam	1D

Jet Airways	Ahmedabad, Amritsar, Bagdogra, Bangalore, Bhopal, Chandigarh, Chennai, Dammam, Dhaka, Doha, Dubai, Gorakhpur, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Jodhpur, Kathmandu, Khajuraho, Kochi, Kolkata, <u>Leh</u> , London-Heathrow, Lucknow, Mumbai, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Raipur, Ranchi, Singapore, Srinagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Udaipur, Vadodara, Varanasi, Visakhapatnam	3
JetKonnnect	Ahmedabad, Amritsar, Aurangabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Chandigarh, Chennai, Dibrugarh, Goa, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jammu, Kathmandu, Kochi, Kolkata, Lucknow, Mumbai, Port Blair, Pune, Raipur, Srinagar, Vadodara	3
SpiceJet	Ahmedabad, Allahabad, Amritsar, Aurangabad, Bagdogra, Bangalore, Chandigarh, Chennai, Coimbatore, Dehradun, Goa, Guwahati, Hubli, Hyderabad, Indore, Jabalpur, Jammu, Kochi, Kolkata, Kozhikode, Madurai, Mangalore, Mumbai, Pune, Srinagar, Surat, Udaipur, Varanasi, Visakhapatnam	1D

CONNECTIVITY BY TRAIN

The New Delhi Railway Station has train connectivity to all the state capitals and major cities. The below are some regular trains from Delhi to the other cities.

Duronto — these are air-conditioned as well as non-airconditioned non-stop trains offering an experience of luxury combined with punctuality and to add to it the expense of travel is lesser than Rajdhani.

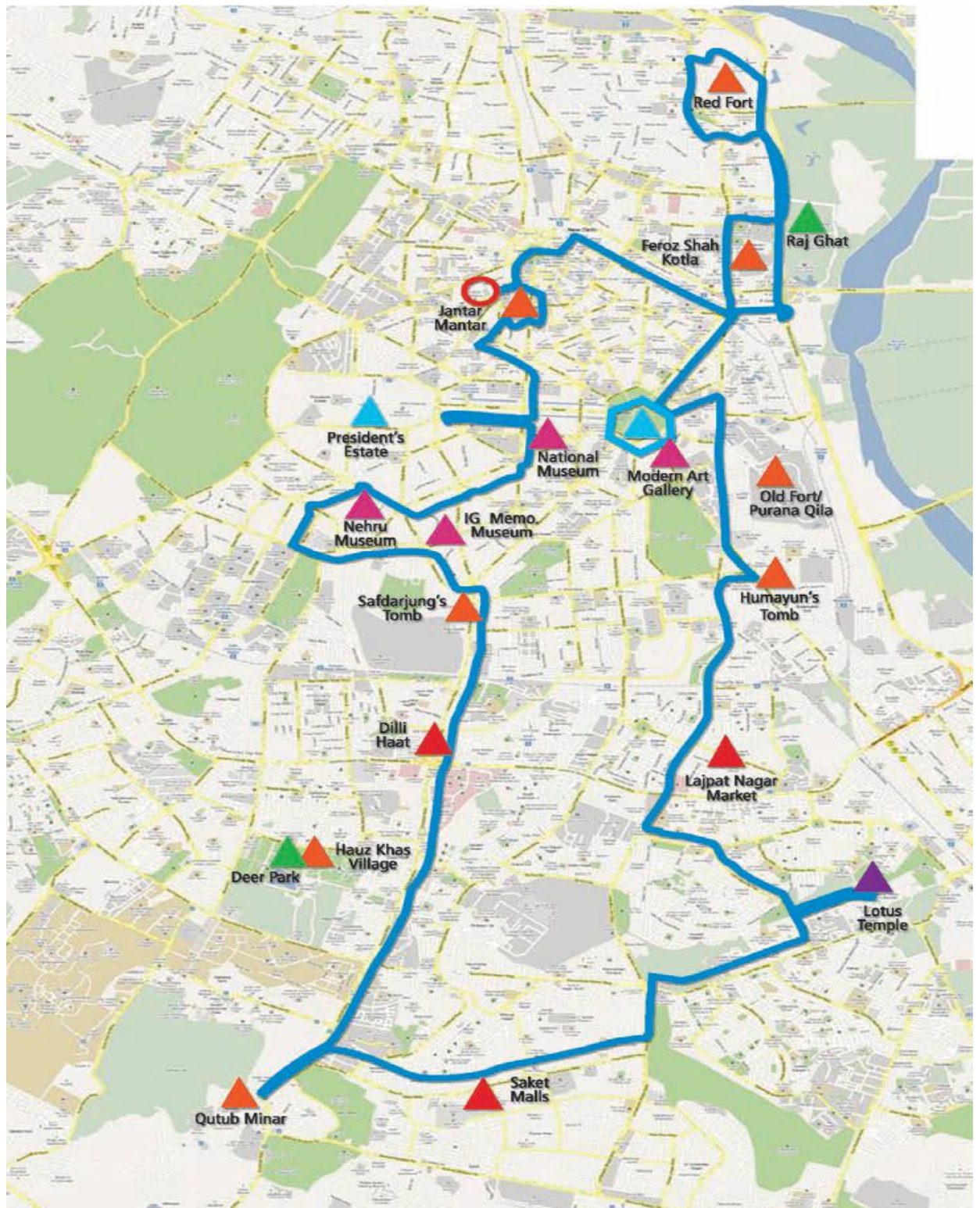
Rajdhani Express — These are fully air-conditioned superfast overnight trains, having only AC sleeper accommodation, that run between the National Capital (Delhi) and each state capital.

Shatabdi Express — These are fully air-conditioned superfast daytime intercity trains offering sitting accommodation (no sleepers). They are the fastest trains in India.

Jan Shatabdi Express — These are superfast daytime intercity trains offering both airconditioned and non-airconditioned sitting accommodation.

Garib Rath Express — These are fully air-conditioned superfast overnight trains, having both sitting and sleeper accommodations, that offer more seats per carriage at a lower fare.

PLACES OF INTEREST IN DELHI



LUTYENS' (BRITISH ERA) DELHI



India Gate & Rajpath



Sansad Bhavan (The Parliament)



Rashtrapati Bhawan (President's House)



Connaught Place

MUGHAL DYNASTY MONUMENTS



Red Fort



Old Fort



Chandni Chowk (Market Place)

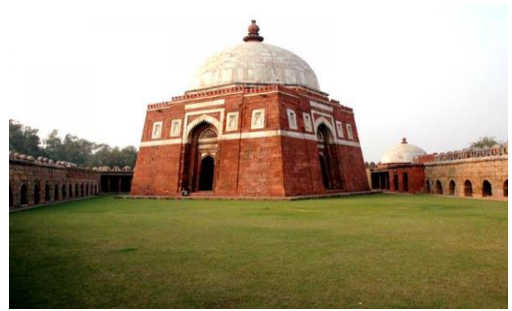


Safdujung Tomb

OTHER MONUMENTS



Qutub Minar



Tuglaquabad Fort

HISTORICAL PLACES OF WORSHIP



Akshardham Temple



Cathedral Church of the Redemption



Bangla Sahib Gurudwara



ISKCON Temple



Jama Masjid (Mosque)



Lotus Temple

MUSEUMS



National Museum



Railway Museum